

State & County QuickFacts


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Lampasas County, Texas

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People QuickFacts	Lampasas County	Texas
 Population, 2011 estimate	NA	25,674,681
 Population, 2010	19,677	25,145,561
 Population, percent change, 2000 to 2010	10.8%	20.6%
 Population, 2000	17,762	20,851,820
 Persons under 5 years, percent, 2010	6.2%	7.7%
 Persons under 18 years, percent, 2010	24.8%	27.3%
 Persons 65 years and over, percent, 2010	15.8%	10.3%
 Female persons, percent, 2010	50.7%	50.4%
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 White persons, percent, 2010 (a)	85.3%	70.4%
 Black persons, percent, 2010 (a)	3.2%	11.8%
 American Indian and Alaska Native persons, percent, 2010 (a)	0.9%	0.7%
 Asian persons, percent, 2010 (a)	1.0%	3.8%
 Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, percent, 2010 (a)	0.2%	0.1%
 Persons reporting two or more races, percent, 2010	3.2%	2.7%
 Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin, percent, 2010 (b)	17.5%	37.6%
 White persons not Hispanic, percent, 2010	75.4%	45.3%
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 Living in same house 1 year & over, 2006-2010	80.4%	81.5%
 Foreign born persons, percent, 2006-2010	7.2%	16.1%
 Language other than English spoken at home, pct age 5+, 2006-2010	15.3%	34.2%
 High school graduates, percent of persons age 25+, 2006-2010	82.6%	80.0%
 Bachelor's degree or higher, pct of persons age 25+, 2006-2010	17.3%	25.8%
 Veterans, 2006-2010	2,987	1,635,367
 Mean travel time to work (minutes), workers age 16+, 2006-2010	27.4	24.8
 Housing units, 2010	8,718	9,977,436
 Homeownership rate, 2006-2010	76.2%	64.8%
 Housing units in multi-unit structures, percent, 2006-2010	5.6%	24.1%
 Median value of owner-occupied housing units, 2006-2010	\$121,300	\$123,500

Households, 2006-2010	7,031	8,539,206
Persons per household, 2006-2010	2.67	2.78
Per capita money income in past 12 months (2010 dollars) 2006-2010	\$22,943	\$24,870
Median household income 2006-2010	\$46,378	\$49,646
Persons below poverty level, percent, 2006-2010	14.6%	16.8%
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Business QuickFacts	Lampasas County	Texas
Private nonfarm establishments, 2009	396	519,028 ²
Private nonfarm employment, 2009	3,598	8,925,096 ²
Private nonfarm employment, percent change 2000-2009	0.7%	11.2% ²
Nonemployer establishments, 2009	1,356	1,844,130
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Total number of firms, 2007	1,639	2,164,852
Black-owned firms, percent, 2007	F	7.1%
American Indian- and Alaska Native-owned firms, percent, 2007	F	0.9%
Asian-owned firms, percent, 2007	S	5.3%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander-owned firms, percent, 2007	F	0.1%
Hispanic-owned firms, percent, 2007	S	20.7%
Women-owned firms, percent, 2007	29.0%	28.2%
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Manufacturers shipments, 2007 (\$1000)	0 ¹	593,541,502
Merchant wholesaler sales, 2007 (\$1000)	11,547	424,238,194
Retail sales, 2007 (\$1000)	207,126	311,334,781
Retail sales per capita, 2007	\$10,008	\$13,061
Accommodation and food services sales, 2007 (\$1000)	16,104	42,054,592
Building permits, 2010	14	88,461
Federal spending, 2009	165,861	216,379,449 ²
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Geography QuickFacts	Lampasas County	Texas
Land area in square miles, 2010	712.84	261,231.71
Persons per square mile, 2010	27.6	96.3
FIPS Code	281	48
Metropolitan or Micropolitan Statistical Area	Killeen- Temple-Fort Hood, TX Metro Area	

1: Counties with 500 employees or less are excluded.

2: Includes data not distributed by county.

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Population estimates for counties will be available in April, 2012 and for cities in June, 2012.

(a) Includes persons reporting only one race.

(b) Hispanics may be of any race, so also are included in applicable race categories.

D: Suppressed to avoid disclosure of confidential information

F: Fewer than 100 firms

FN: Footnote on this item for this area in place of data

NA: Not available

S: Suppressed; does not meet publication standards

X: Not applicable

Z: Value greater than zero but less than half unit of measure shown

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Source U.S. Census Bureau: State and County QuickFacts. Data derived from Population Estimates, American Community Survey, Census of Population and Housing, State and County Housing Unit Estimates, County Business Patterns, Nonemployer Statistics, Economic Census, Survey of Business Owners, Building Permits, Consolidated Federal Funds Report

Last Revised: Tuesday, 31-Jan-2012 16:58:18 EST

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	Lampasas County	Error Margin	National Benchmark*	Texas	Rank (of 221)
Health Outcomes					20
Mortality					89
Premature death	8,141	6,740-9,542	5,466	7,186	
Morbidity					4
Poor or fair health			10%	19%	
Poor physical health days	1.3	0.5-2.2	2.6	3.6	
Poor mental health days	2.4	0.5-4.4	2.3	3.3	
Low birthweight	6.7%	5.6-7.9%	6.0%	8.2%	
Health Factors					66
Health Behaviors					86
Adult smoking			14%	19%	
Adult obesity	30%	24-38%	25%	29%	
Physical inactivity	27%	20-35%	21%	25%	
Excessive drinking			8%	16%	
Motor vehicle crash death rate	28	20-37	12	17	
Sexually transmitted infections	142		84	435	
Teen birth rate	54	47-60	22	63	
Clinical Care					124
Uninsured	27%	25-30%	11%	26%	
Primary care physicians	1,162:1		631:1	1,050:1	
Preventable hospital stays	128	115-142	49	73	
Diabetic screening	81%	71-91%	89%	81%	
Mammography screening	63%	52-73%	74%	62%	
Social & Economic Factors					48
High school graduation	89%			84%	
Some college	54%	46-62%	68%	56%	
Unemployment	6.2%		5.4%	8.2%	
Children in poverty	27%	19-34%	13%	26%	
Inadequate social support			14%	23%	
Children in single-parent households	29%	18-39%	20%	32%	
Violent crime rate	159		73	503	
Physical Environment					131
Air pollution-particulate matter days	0		0	1	
Air pollution-ozone days	0		0	18	
Access to recreational facilities	5		16	7	
Limited access to healthy foods	22%		0%	12%	
Fast food restaurants	45%		25%	53%	

* 90th percentile, i.e., only 10% are better

Note: Blank values reflect unreliable or missing data

2012



Lampasas County
POTENTIALLY PREVENTABLE HOSPITALIZATIONS

www.dshs.state.tx.us/ph

From 2005-2010, adult residents (18+) of **Lampasas County** received **\$43,616,768** in charges for hospitalizations that were potentially preventable. Hospitalizations for the conditions below are called “**potentially preventable**,” because **if the individual had access to and cooperated with appropriate outpatient healthcare, the hospitalization would likely not have occurred.**

Potentially Preventable Hospitalizations for Adult Residents of Lampasas County	Number of Hospitalizations							2005-2010		
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2005-2010	Average Hospital Charge	Hospital Charges	Hospital Charges Divided by 2010 Adult County Population
Bacterial Pneumonia	136	100	131	131	145	97	740	\$16,454	\$12,176,113	\$823
Dehydration	71	84	90	95	52	49	441	\$10,260	\$4,524,579	\$306
Urinary Tract Infection	86	73	43	50	58	47	357	\$12,763	\$4,556,318	\$308
Angina (without procedures)	17	9	21	9	8	5	69	\$9,694	\$668,878	\$45
Congestive Heart Failure	117	106	111	87	79	59	559	\$16,176	\$9,042,276	\$611
Hypertension (High Blood Pressure)	17	17	11	5	8	13	71	\$10,662	\$756,999	\$51
Asthma	26	24	20	30	29	16	145	\$14,826	\$2,149,798	\$145
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	56	54	45	94	61	37	347	\$15,766	\$5,470,938	\$370
Diabetes Short-term Complications	6	11	13	8	7	6	51	\$16,274	\$829,982	\$56
Diabetes Long-term Complications	22	23	21	32	22	24	144	\$23,895	\$3,440,887	\$232
TOTAL	554	501	506	541	469	353	2,924	\$14,917	\$43,616,768	\$2,947

Source: Center for Health Statistics, Texas Department of State Health Services

The purpose of this information is to assist in improving healthcare and reducing healthcare costs.

This information is not an evaluation of hospitals or other healthcare providers.

Bacterial Pneumonia is a serious inflammation of the lungs caused by an infection. Bacterial pneumonia primarily impacts older adults. [Communities can potentially prevent hospitalizations by encouraging older adults and other high risk individuals to get vaccinated for bacterial pneumonia.](#)

Dehydration means the body does not have enough fluid to function well. Dehydration primarily impacts older adults or institutionalized individuals who have a limited ability to communicate thirst. [Communities can potentially prevent hospitalizations by encouraging attention to the fluid status of individuals at risk.](#)

Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) is usually caused when bacteria enter the bladder and cause inflammation and infection. It is a common condition, with older adults at highest risk. In most cases, an uncomplicated UTI can be treated with proper antibiotics. [Communities can potentially prevent hospitalizations by encouraging individuals to practice good personal hygiene; drink plenty of fluids; and \(if practical\) avoid conducting urine cultures in asymptomatic patients who have indwelling urethral catheters.](#)

Angina (without procedures) is chest pain that occurs when a blockage of a coronary artery prevents sufficient oxygen-rich blood from reaching the heart muscle. [Communities can potentially prevent hospitalizations by encouraging regular physical activity; smoking cessation; controlling diabetes, high blood pressure, and abnormal cholesterol; maintaining appropriate body weight; and daily administration of an anti-platelet medication \(like low dose aspirin\) in most individuals with known coronary artery disease.](#)

Congestive Heart Failure is the inability of the heart muscle to function well enough to meet the demands of the rest of the body. [Communities can potentially prevent hospitalizations by encouraging individuals to reduce risk factors such as coronary artery disease, diabetes, high cholesterol, high blood pressure, smoking, alcohol abuse, and use of illegal drugs.](#)

Hypertension (High Blood Pressure) is a syndrome with multiple causes. Hypertension is often controllable with medications. [Communities can potentially prevent hospitalizations by encouraging an increased level of aerobic physical activity, maintaining a healthy weight, limiting the consumption of alcohol to moderate levels for those who drink, reducing salt and sodium intake, and eating a reduced-fat diet high in fruits, vegetables, and low-fat dairy food.](#)

Asthma occurs when air passages of the lungs become inflamed and narrowed and breathing becomes difficult. Asthma is treatable, and most flare-ups and deaths can be prevented through the use of medications. [Communities can potentially prevent hospitalizations by encouraging people to learn how to recognize particular warning signs of asthma attacks. Treating symptoms early can result in prevented or less severe attacks.](#)

Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease is characterized by decreased flow in the airways of the lungs. It consists of three related diseases: asthma, chronic bronchitis and emphysema. Because existing medications cannot change the progressive decline in lung function, the goal of medications is to lessen symptoms and/or decrease complications. [Communities can potentially prevent hospitalizations by encouraging education on smoking cessation and minimizing shortness of breath.](#)

Diabetes Short-term Complications are extreme fluctuations in blood sugar levels. Extreme dizziness and fainting can indicate hypoglycemia (low blood sugar) or hyperglycemia (high blood sugar), and if not brought under control, seizures, shock or coma can occur. Diabetics need to monitor their blood sugar levels carefully and adjust their diet and/or medications accordingly. [Communities can potentially prevent hospitalizations by encouraging the regular monitoring and managing of diabetes in the outpatient health care setting and encouraging patient compliance with treatment plans.](#)

Diabetes Long-term Complications include risk of developing damage to the eyes, kidneys and nerves. Risk also includes developing cardiovascular disease, including coronary heart disease, stroke, and peripheral vascular disease. Long-term diabetes complications are thought to result from long-term poor control of diabetes. [Communities can potentially prevent hospitalizations by encouraging the regular monitoring and managing of diabetes in the outpatient health care setting and encouraging patient compliance with treatment plans.](#)

For more information on potentially preventable hospitalizations, go to: www.dshs.state.tx.us/ph.

Lampasas County Health Environment Notes & Related Data

Lampasas County Health Clinics

<u>Name/Location</u>	<u>Providers</u>	<u>Type of Facility</u>
Fresenius Medical Care Lampasas 1202 Central Texas Expressway Lampasas, Texas		
Seton Lampasas Healthcare Center 1205 Central Texas Expressway Lampasas, Texas		

Rollins Brook Community Hospital

608 North Key Avenue • Lampasas, Texas

Rollins Brook Community Hospital is a 25-bed, critical access hospital providing a variety of general and advanced health services. The hospital operates on a strong relationship with the community it serves and is active in community projects and events.

Growth in the community and Rollins Brook's commitment to provide quality healthcare services to this rural area, make for a positive partnership. Rollins Brook is dedicated to meeting the physical, emotional and spiritual needs of the people it serves.

Services & Specialties

- 24-hour emergency services
- Advanced diagnostic imaging capabilities, including diagnostic X-rays, CT scans, mammography, ultrasounds and echo-cardiograms for diagnosing problems of the heart
- Full-service laboratory
- General and same-day surgery
- Cardio-pulmonary care
- Bone Density Scanning (DEXA)
- Sleep Disorders Lab

UTILIZATION DATA FOR TEXAS ACUTE CARE HOSPITALS BY COUNTY, 2010

<i>Hospital</i>	<i>Metro-Status</i>	<i>Ownership</i>	<i>Days Open</i>	<i>Staffed Beds</i>	<i>Admissions</i>	<i>Inpatient Days</i>	<i>Medicare Inpatient Days</i>	<i>Medicaid Inpatient Days</i>	<i>Average Daily Census</i>	<i>Average Length of Stay</i>	<i>Staffed Occupancy Rate%</i>
<i>Rollins Brook Community Hospital</i>	<i>Metro</i>	<i>NP</i>	<i>365</i>	<i>25</i>	<i>790</i>	<i>3,865</i>	<i>3,362</i>	<i>106</i>	<i>10.6</i>	<i>4.9</i>	<i>42.4</i>

Source: 2010 Cooperative DSHS/AHA/THA Annual Survey of Hospitals and Hospitals Tracking Database

CHARITY CARE CHARGES AND SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA FOR TEXAS ACUTE CARE HOSPITALS BY COUNTY, 2010

<i>Hospital</i>	<i>Ownership</i>	<i>Bad Debt Charges</i>	<i>Charity Charges</i>	<i>Total UC Care</i>	<i>Net Patient Revenue</i>	<i>Gross Inpatient Revenue</i>	<i>Gross Outpatient Revenue</i>	<i>Total Gross Patient Revenue</i>	<i>UC Care as % of Gross Patient Revenue</i>
<i>Rollins Brook Community Hospital</i>	<i>NP</i>	<i>\$1,467,457</i>	<i>\$3,989,292</i>	<i>\$5,456,749</i>	<i>\$15,500,433</i>	<i>\$11,118,180</i>	<i>\$29,634,928</i>	<i>\$40,753,108</i>	<i>13.4</i>

Source: 2010 Cooperative DSHS/AHA/THA Annual Survey of Hospitals and Hospital Tracking Database

Lampasas County Health and Community Data DSHS Health Currents System

www.dshs.state.tx.us/chs/healthcurrents

	Year	Lampasas County	Region 7	Texas
Acute Care Hospitals	2009	1	57	553
Psychiatric Hospitals	2009	0	6	43
Acute Care For-Profit Hospitals	2009	0	18	279
Acute Care Non-Profit Hospitals	2009	1	33	151
Acute Care Public Hospitals	2009	0	6	123
Beds Setup and Staffed for Acute Care	2009	25	5,630	64,022
Beds Setup and Staffed for Obstetrics Care	2009	0	659	5,961
Acute Care Licensed Beds	2009	25	6,708	78,368
Psychiatric Care Licensed Beds	2009	0	652	5,450

Hospital Resources

	Year	Lampasas County	Region 7	Texas
Direct Care Physicians	2010	11	5,185	41,191
Primary Care Physicians	2010	9	2,252	17,526
Physician Assistants	2010	4	622	4,943
Registered Nurses	2010	76	19,024	176,498
Licensed Vocational Nurses	2010	57	7,690	71,141
Nurse Practitioners	2010	1	724	6,162
Dentists	2010	4	1,376	11,301
Pharmacists	2010	10	2,288	20,428
Chiropractors	2010	4	639	4,767
Veternarians	2010	9	1,151	5,734
EMS Personnel	2010	69	7,779	56,381

Health Occupations

	Year	Lampasas County	Region 7	Texas
Direct Care Physicians Ratio	2010	48.7	177.0	162.3
Primary Care Physicians Ratio	2010	39.8	76.9	69.1
Physician Assistants Ratio	2010	17.7	21.2	19.5
Registered Nurses Ratio	2010	336.1	649.5	695.6
Licensed Vocational Nurses Ratio	2010	252.1	262.5	280.4
Nurse Practitioners Ratio	2010	4.4	24.7	24.3
Dentists Ratio	2010	17.7	47.0	44.5
Pharmacists Ratio	2010	44.2	78.1	80.5
Chiropractors Ratio	2010	17.7	21.8	18.8
Veterinarians Ratio	2010	39.8	39.3	22.6
EMS Personnel Ratio	2010	305.2	265.6	222.2

Ratio of 2009 Population per Health Care Professional

	Year	Lampasas County	Region 7	Texas
18 Years and Younger, Without Health Insurance	2007	1,155	132,294	1,375,714
18 Years and Younger, Without Health Insurance (%)	2007	22.1%	17.3%	19.5%
Younger than 65 Years, Without Health Insurance	2007	5,003	611,604	5,765,126
Younger than 65 Years, Without Health Insurance (%)	2007	28.5%	24.7%	26.8%

Health Insurance

	Year	Lampasas County	Region 7	Texas
Average Monthly TANF Recipients	SFY2009	2	2,788	104,693
Average Monthly SNAP (food stamp) Participants	SFY2009	2,176	271,789	2,819,469
Unduplicated Medicaid Clients	SFY2009	3,674	476,113	4,760,721
Unemployment Rate	2010	6.2%	7.2%	8.2%
Per Capita Personal Income	2010	\$42,280	\$36,225	\$38,609
Average Monthly CHIP enrollment	FY2008	295	37,184	466,242

Socioeconomic Indicators

	Year	Lampasas County	Region 7	Texas
Total Persons Living Below Poverty	2009	3,683	442,754	4,143,077
Total Persons Living Below Poverty (%)	2009	17.9%	15.9%	17.1%
Related Children 0-17 Years, Living Below Poverty	2009	1,391	144,890	1,655,085
Related Children 0-17 Years, Living Below Poverty (%)	2009	28.1%	20.3%	24.3%
18 Years and Over, Living Below Poverty	2009	2,292	297,864	2,487,992
18 Years and Over, Living Below Poverty (%)	2009	14.7%	14.4%	14.3%

Poverty

Health Professional Shortage Area Designations – Lampasas County

Source: <http://hpsafind.hrsa.gov/HPSASearch.aspx>

- Primary Medical Care – Single County
- Dental – 0 HPSAs for this county
- Mental Health – Single County